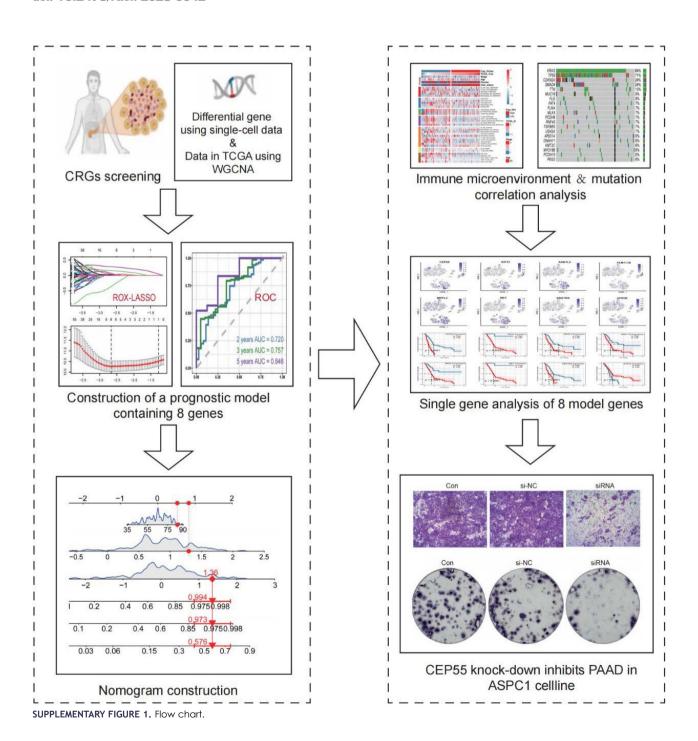
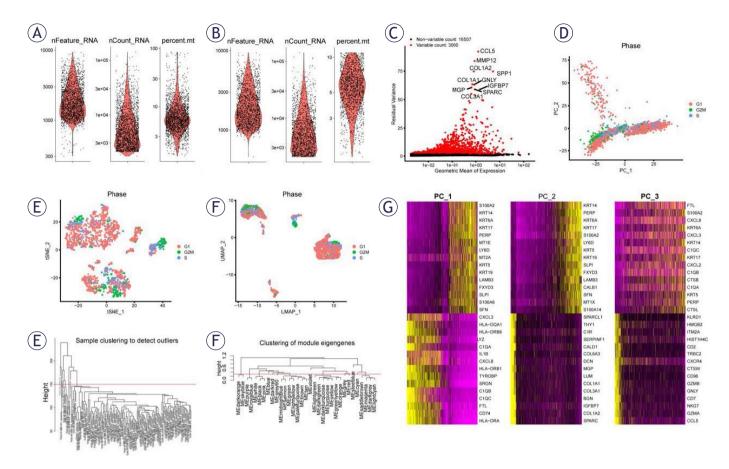


Cuproptosis-related gene *CEP55* as a biomarker of pancreatic adenocarcinoma via multi-omics techniques and experimental validation

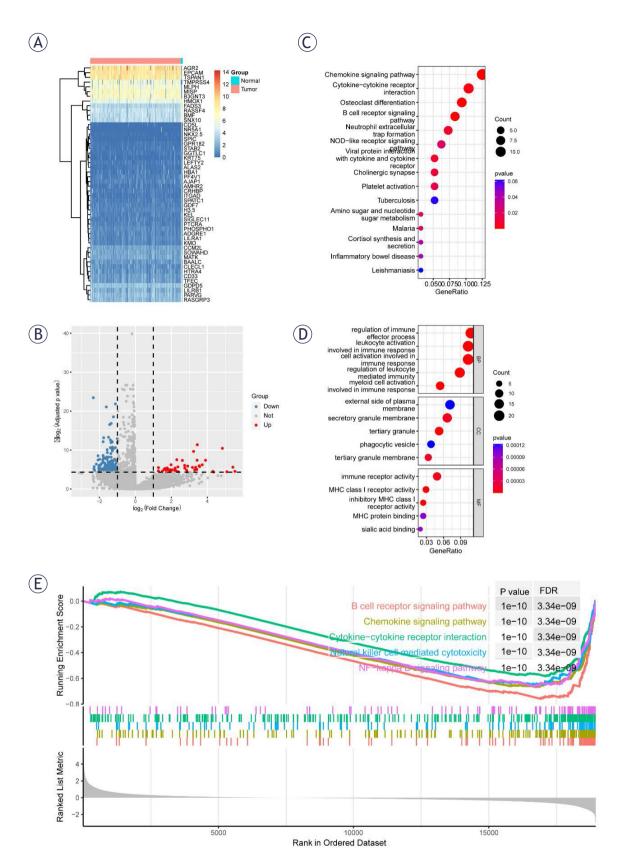
Riyuan Zhang, Zixia Xu, Yurui Zhuang, Yuzhe Shi, Ziyi Guo, Chong Chen

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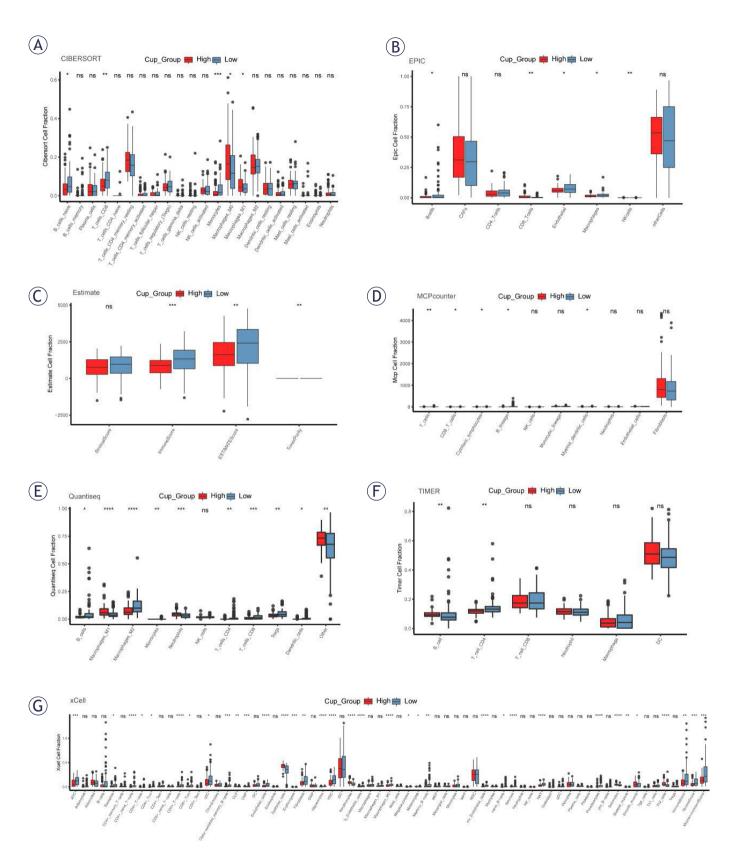




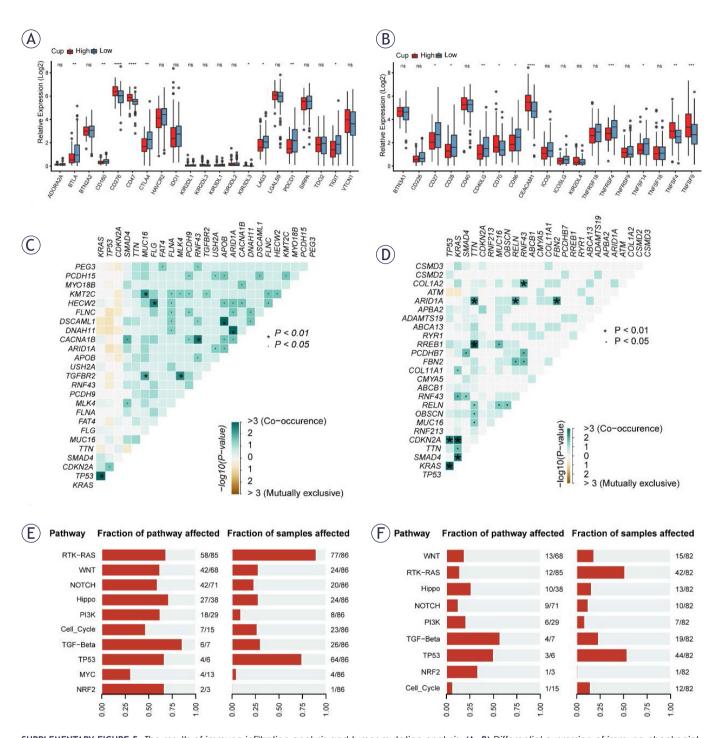
SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 2. Single-cell analysis quality control process. (A-F) The quality control process of the single-cell analysis.



SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 3. Differential expression analysis and enrichment analysis. (A, B) Differential expression analysis. (C-E) Enrichment analysis. The identification of key pathways, such as chemokine signaling, cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, and B cell receptor signaling, underscores the pivotal role of immune-related processes in PAAD

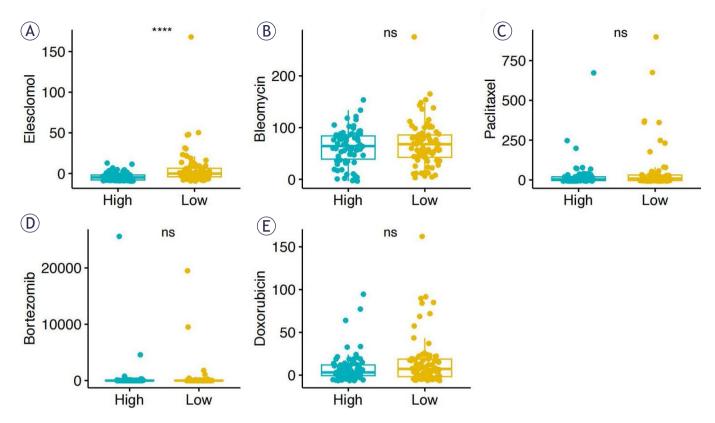


SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 4. Statistical analysis from 7 immune infiltration algorithms. **(A-G)** The results reveal higher immune cell infiltration in the low CPPS group, primarily involving T cells, B cells, and macrophages.



SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 5. The results of immune infiltration analysis and tumor mutation analysis. (A, B) Differential expression of immune checkpoint-related genes. (C, D) Analysis of the correlation of mutated genes. (E, F) Analysis results of pathways related to mutated genes. The results indicate mutations in key pathways, encompassing RTK-RAS, WNY, TGF-Beta, and TP53.





SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 6. Drug sensitivity between high and low cuproptosis-related genes groups. **(A-E)** IC50 of five copper metabolism-related drugs in two CRGs group.